

TUMKUR UNIVERSITY Department of
Political Science

B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SYLLABUS

Submitted to The
Registrar
Tumkur University, Tumakuru

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

EFFECTIVE FROM
THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-2022

Submitted by
BOS Chairperson and Members (UG)

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Date: 28.09.2021**Chairperson**

Program Objectives in Political Science

- To understand the importance of concepts in Political Science.
- To familiarize the students with the basic ideas thoughts and theories in Political Science.
- To help them to understand and make distinction among Political Theory, Political Philosophy and Political Science and help them to understand the importance of these in the national and global contexts.
- To help them to understand the emergence and growth of modern States and give them an idea of their functioning and relate them to the political realities.
- To equip them to critically relate the theoretical aspects of Political Science to the socio economic and political realities of our times.

Program Learning Outcomes in Political Science:

At the end of the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- Acquire domain knowledge.
- Study and analyze political contexts from critical and constructive prospective.
- Have a better understanding of the working of various political institutions including decentralized institutions state legislatures and parliament and relate this functioning to the greater cause of nation building as a responsible citizen.
- Assess how global national and regional development affect polity and society.
- To gain critical thinking and develop the ability to make logical inferences about socio-economic and political issues, on the basis of comparative and contemporary political discourses in India.
- Contemplate about national and international issues involving States having different political ideologies and historical contexts.
- Pursue higher education such as Post Graduate Studies and Research in Political Science and in other interdisciplinary areas to provide qualitative insights to create a better world.

Date: 28.09.2021

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Proposed Structure for Political Science Discipline

Semester I			
Course	Paper	Credits	No. of Teaching Hours/Week
POLDSCo1	Basic Concepts in Political Science	3	3
POLDSCo2	Political Theory	3	3
POLOEC01	Human Rights	3	3
Semester II			
POLDSCo3	Western Political Thought	3	3
POLDSCo4	Indian National Movement and Constitutional Development	3	3
POLOEC02	Indian Polity: Issues and Concerns	3	3

Model Curriculum

Name of the Degree Program: BA/BSc/BCom/BBA/BCA... Without Practical Course

Discipline Core: Political Science

Starting year of implementation: 2021-22

Program Outcomes:

By the end of the program the students will be able to:

- Acquire domain knowledge.
- Study and analyze political contexts from critical and constructive prospective.
- Have a better understanding of the working of various political institutions including decentralized institutions state legislatures and parliament and relate this functioning to the greater cause of nation building as a responsible citizen.
- Assess how global national and regional development affect polity and society.
- To gain critical thinking and develop the ability to make logical inferences about socio-economic and political issues, on the basis of comparative and contemporary political discourses in India.
- Contemplate about national and international issues involving States having different political ideologies and historical contexts.
- Pursue higher education such as Post Graduate Studies and Research in Political Science and in other interdisciplinary areas to provide qualitative insights to create a better world.

Curriculum Structure for the Undergraduate Degree Program BA
/ BSc/BCom/BBA/BCA

Starting year of implementation: 2021-22

Name of the Degree Program: BA/BSc/BCom/BBA/BCA...Without Practical Course

Discipline/Subject: Political Science

Program Articulation Matrix: Core Courses

This matrix lists only the core courses. Core courses are essential to earn the degree in that discipline/subject. They include courses such as theory, laboratory, project, internships etc. Elective courses may be listed separately

Semester	Title /Name Of the course	Program outcomes that the course addresses (not more than 3 per course)	Pre-requisite course(s)	Pedagogy# #
1	Basic Concepts in Political Science	1. Political Science, theoretically and will gain knowledge to explain and analyze politics at large. 2. The dynamics of politics. 3. To inculcate the democratic spirit.		The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive

				Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.
	Political Theory	<p>1. The nature and relevance of Political Theory.</p> <p>2. The different concepts like Liberty, Equality, Justice and Rights.</p> <p>3. To reflect upon some of the</p>		-do-

		important debates in		
		Political Theory.		
2	Western Political Thought	<p>1. And get an introduction to the Schools of Political Thought and Theory making in the West.</p> <p>2. And introduce the richness and variations in the political perceptions of Western Thinkers.</p> <p>3. And familiarize themselves to the Thought and Theory of Western Philosophy.</p>		-do-

Political**Syllabus wef**

	Indian National Movements And Constitutional Development	<p>1. Understand how the colonial rule was overthrown by the Indian nationalists.</p> <p>2. Appreciate the ideals and values of Gandhi that resulted in freedom.</p> <p>3. Examine the problem of Independent India and the role played by great leaders in solving them.</p>		-do-
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Program Articulation Matrix: Elective Course

This matrix lists only the core courses. Core courses are essential to earn the degree in that discipline/subject. They include courses such as theory, laboratory, project, internships etc. Elective courses may be listed separately

Semester	Title /Name Of the course	Program outcomes that the course addresses (not more than 3 per course)	Pre- requisite course(s)	Pedagogy##	
1	Human Rights	<p>1.Explain the basic concept of Human Rights and its various formulations.</p> <p>2.Have necessary knowledge and skills for analyzing, interpreting, and applying the Human Rights standards and sensitize them to the issues.</p> <p>3.Develop ability to critically analyse Human Rights situations around them</p>		<p>The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical</p>	

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				Exercises,	

				Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week- end Counseling Classes.	
2	Indian Polity: Issues and Concerns	1. Understand the reasons behind the causes of these issues and also the constitutional provisions that existed. 2. Familiarize with the debates that emerged. 3. Be able to suggest the measures to control such issues.			

Date: 28.09.2021**Chairperson**



Semester I

BASIC CONCEPTS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE**POLDSCo1**

Course Title: BASIC CONCEPTS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week:3	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3Hours

Course Objective:

Develop an understanding about the nature and philosophy of Political Science and its interface with society. Enable the students to develop qualities of responsible and active citizens in a democracy.

Learning Outcome:

At the end of the course the students shall understand -

- Political Science, theoretically and will gain knowledge to explain and analyze politics at large.
- The dynamics of politics.
- To inculcate the democratic spirit.

Unit	Contents of Course- 1	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter -1 Meaning of Politics, Nature, Scope and Importance of Political Science, Approaches to the study of Political Science (Historical, Liberal & Marxist) Emergence of the idea of Political Domain</p> <p>Chapter- 2 Meaning, Definitions and Elements of State, Difference between State and Government, State and Society, State and Association, Theories of State- Idealist Theory, Liberal, Neo-Liberal Theory, Marxist and Gandhian Theory of State</p> <p>Chapter-3 Civil Society- Meaning and Importance.</p>	15 Hours

Unit-II	Chapter-4 Emergence, Meaning and Characteristics of Sovereignty and Law	15 Hours
	Chapter-5 Kinds of Sovereignty: Austin's Concept of Sovereignty and Pluralistic Theory Chapter-6 Theories of Sovereignty Historical, Philosophical, Challenges to the State Sovereignty in the age of Globalization.	
Unit- III	Chapter-7 Liberty: Meaning and Kinds; Positive and Negative Chapter-8 Equality: Meaning and Kinds (Social, Economic and Political) Chapter-9 Power and Justice: Meaning and kinds, Political Obligation: Nature and Theories	15 Hours

Exercise:

1. List out the modern elements of State
2. List out the countries and identify the issues related to equality
3. Identify an issue and discuss the role of civil society

Suggested Readings:

1. Political Theory: Ideas & Concepts, S. Ramswamy, Delhi, Macmillan, 2002.
2. Modern Political Theory, S. P. Verma, New Delhi, Vikas, 1983.
3. Principles of Modern, Political Science, JC Johri, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. 1995.
4. Principles of Political Science, AC Kapur, New Delhi, Sultan Chand and Sons, 2004.
5. Principles of Political Science, N.N Agarwal, Vidya Bhushan, Vishnoo Bhawan, R. Chand & Co, New Delhi, 1998.
6. Political Science Theory, S.C Pant, Prakashan Kendra, Lucknow, 1998.
7. Political Science Theory, S. N Dubey, Lakshmi Narain Agarwal, Agra, 2002.

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8. Principle of Modern Political Science, J C Johari, Sterling Publications, New York, 2009.
9. Principles of Political Science, Anup Chand Kapur, S Chand & Co Ltd, 2010.

Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Date:28.09.2021

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POLITICAL THEORY**POLDSCo2**

Course Title: POLITICAL THEORY	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	Duration of ESA/Exam: 3Hours

Course Outcome:

This course aims to introduce certain key aspects of conceptual analysis in political theory and the skills required to engage in debates surrounding the application of the concepts.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students shall understand -

- The nature and relevance of Political Theory.
- The different concepts like Liberty, Equality, Justice and Rights.
- To reflect upon some of the important debates in Political Theory.

Unit	Contents of Course- 2	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1 Meaning, Nature and Importance of Theory and Political Theory, Traditional Approaches to Political Theory- Normative, Philosophical, Institutional</p> <p>Chapter-2 Modern Approaches- Behavioral, David Easton's Political System and Marxian Approach</p> <p>Chapter-3 Relevance of Political Theory, Decline and Resurgence of Political Theory</p>	15 Hours
Unit-II	<p>Chapter-4 Liberalism: J.S Mill</p> <p>Chapter-5 Neo- Liberalism: Rawls</p>	15 Hours

	Chapter-6 Libertarianism: Nozick	
Unit- III	Chapter-7 Communitarianism and Multiculturalism: Indian perspective, Colonialism and Post Colonialism, Post Colonialism Chapter-8 Proponents of Secularism – Nehru, Gandhi, Chapter-9 Critics of Secularism: Ashish Nandy, T.N. Madan,	15 Hours

Exercise:

- Write about the Myth and Reality on Communitarianism in India
- Compare the concept of Liberty, Equality and Justice to the Modern world
- Write the understanding of secularism in India

Suggested Readings:

1. Ahmed. V, Theory: Classes, Nations Literatures.: Verso, London, 1992.
2. Arendt. H., On Revolution, Viking, New York, 1963
3. Ashcroft. B, The Post-Colonial Studies Reader, Rout ledge London, 1995
4. Bryson. V, Feminist political Theory, Macmillan, London, 1992.
5. Christopher Butler. Postmodernism: A very Short Introduction, OUP Oxford, 2002.
6. Christopher Norris, The Truth about Postmodernism.: Wiley- Blackwell, New Jersey, 1993.
7. Connolly. W, Identity/Difference: Democratic Negotiations, Cornell University Press, NY, 1991.
8. Edward Said, Orientalism, Pantheon Books, New York, 1978.
9. Elshtain. J. B, Public Man, Private Man: women in Social and Political Thought, Princeton University Press, Princeton NJ, 1981.
10. Fanon. F. Black skin, white Masks, translated by C. L. Markham, Grove Press, New York, 1967.
11. Jean Francis Lyotard. The Postmodern Condition- A report on Knowledge. Parris: Minuit, 1979.

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12. Balagangadhara, S.N., and Jakob De Roover, "The Secular State and "Religious Conflict: Liberal neutrality and the Indian Case of Pluralism". The Journal of Political Philosophy 15, no. 1: 67-92, 2007.
13. Bhargava, Rajeev. ed. Secularism and Its Critics, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998.
14. Veena Das, Dipankar Gupta and Patricia. eds.. Tradition, Pluralism and Identity, Uberoi New Delhi, 1999.
15. Nehru, Jawaharlal. 1946. The Discovery of India. Jawaharlal Nehru Memorial Fund, Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1988.
16. Rochana Bajpai, The conceptual vocabularies of secularism and minority rights in India, Journal of Political Ideologies, 2002.
17. ರಾಜ್ಯ ರಾ ಮ ಹೆಗಡೆ ಪುಾ ಸದಾನಾ ದ ಜಿ.ಎಸ್. (ಸಾ)
'ಪಾ ರಾ ವಾ ವಲ ಕನ', ವಸಾ ತ ಪ ಕಾ ಶನ, ಬ ಗಳೂರು,
2016

Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Date: 28.09.2021

Chairperson

HUMAN RIGHTS**Open Elective POLOEC01**

Course Title: HUMAN RIGHTS	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	

Course Objective:

This course aims to introduce the students to basic concepts and practices of Human Rights in the global and local domain. This course also exposes them to certain recent issues confronting the Human Rights debates.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this course students will be able to-

- l Explain the basic concept of Human Rights and its various formulations.
- l Have necessary knowledge and skills for analyzing, interpreting, and applying the Human Rights standards and sensitize them to the issues.
- l Develop ability to critically analyse Human Rights situations around them.

Unit	Contents of Course- OE-1	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1 Meaning, nature, scope and Classification of Human Rights</p> <p>Chapter-2 The Human Rights of First generation (Civil and Political Rights), Second generation (Economic, Social and Cultural Rights), Third generation (Collective Rights) and Fourth generation (Subjective Rights)</p> <p>Chapter-3 Universal Declaration of Human Rights</p>	15 Hours
Unit-II	<p>Chapter-4 Human Rights and Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties in India</p> <p>Chapter- 5 National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) -</p>	15 Hours

	Composition and its function Chapter-6 Karnataka State Human Rights Commissions (KSHRCs) – Composition and its functions	
Unit- III	Chapter -7 National Commission and Committees for SCs/STs, Minorities' Commission, Women' Commission Chapter-8 Major issues and concerns of Human Rights-Discrimination and violence against women, children, Dalits and Minorities, Trafficking, Child Labour and Bonded Labour Chapter-9 Challenges to Human Rights	15 Hours

Exercise:

- [Group Discussion on Human Rights and its types (comparison of Western and Eastern concept of Human Rights).
- [Students can be asked to do collage making and present the same.
- [Find out the different types of complaints received by NHRC and bring out the end results on any one of such case.
- [In order to make it more participatory learning, the students are required to visit the website of NHRC (www.nhrc.nic.in), wherein at the left-hand side, a link is provided to the 'instructions. After going through the guidelines issued by NHRC's, briefly explain the guidelines on – Custodial death/rape, Encounter death, and Guidelines on arrest.

Suggested Readings:

1. Baxi Upendra (ed.), The Right to be Human, Lancer International, Crawford, New Delhi, 1987.
2. James(ed.), The Rights of People, Oxford, New York, 1988.
3. Craston, M. What are Human Rights, Bodely Head, London, 1973
4. Rhonda L.Callaway& Julie Harrelson- Stephens, "International Human Rights", Published by viva books private limited, New Delhi, 2010.
5. Janusz Symonides, "Human Rights Concept and Standards", Rawat Publications, New

6. Sunil Deshta and KiranDeshta,“Fundamental Human Rights”, Deep and Deep Publications, New Delhi, 2011.
7. దిక్పాఠశాల .పబ్లికేషన్ మానవ హక్కుల పరిరక్షణ పరిశోధనా కేంద్రం సిద్ధాంతగళు,ప్రసారాంగ,శనాఃకదిశ్చవిద్యాలయ,ధారవాడ2015.
8. Donelly, Jack and Rhoda Howard (ed.), International Handbook of Human Rights, Westport, Connecticut: Greenwood Press,1987.
9. Donelly, Jack, Universal Human Rights in Theory and Practice, New Delhi, Manas, 2005.
10. Dr.Tapan Biswal, “Human Rights Gender and Environment”, Viva Books Private Limited Publishers, New Delhi 2006
11. Satya.P. Kanan, “Human Rights Evolution and Development”, Wisdom Press, New Delhi 2012.
12. Gerwith, Human Rights: Essays on Justification and Application, University of Chicago Press, Chicago,1982.
13. Khan, Mumtaz Ali, Human Rights and the Dalits, Uppal Publishing House, New Delhi, 1995.
14. V.T.Patil,“Human Rights Developments in South Asia”, Authors Press Publishers, Delhi 2003.
15. Dr.S.K. Gupta, “Statewise Comprehensive Information on Human Right Violation”, Published by ALP Books, Delhi. 2009
16. Acharya, B.C. A Handbook of Wome;s Human Rights, Wisdom Press, New Delhi, 2011.
17. South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre, Introducing Human Rights, Oxford, New Delhi, 2006.
18. Lillich, R. International Human Rights: Law Policy and Practice, Boston: Little Brown and Co., 1991 2ndEdn.
19. అజిత్ కుమార్, ఇందిరా అజిత్ కుమార్, మహిళా హక్కుల పరిరక్షణ పరిశోధనా కేంద్రం అసాధారణ పరిస్థితులలో మహిళా హక్కుల పరిరక్షణ పరిశోధనా కేంద్రం: ఒక అధ్యయనం

The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Chairperson



Semester II

WESTERN POLITICAL THOUGHT

POLDSCo3

Course Title: WESTERN POLITICALTHOUGHT	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	

Course Objective: The Syllabus is designed to understand Political Philosophy, traditions that evolved in Europe from Ancient to the beginning of modern era. To examine the contributions of the Greek, Medieval and early Modern thinker's Philosophical thought.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course the students shall understand -

- [And get an introduction to the Schools of Political Thought and Theory making in the West.
- [And introduce the richness and variations in the political perceptions of Western Thinkers.
- [And familiarize themselves to the Thought and Theory of Western Philosophy.

Unit	Contents of Course-3	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter -1 Salient Features of the Greek Political Thought, Plato: Theory of Justice, Philosopher King, Aristotle: State and Its Classification, Theory of Revolution</p> <p>Chapter -2 Salient Features of Medieval Political Thought, Machiavelli: On Politics and State Craft, Views on ends and means</p> <p>Chapter -3 St. Thomas Aquinas: Church v/s State, St. Augustine: Theory of Two Swords,</p>	15 Hours
Unit-II	Chapter -1 Hobbes: Theory of Sovereignty, Locke: Social Contract and Theory of Government, Tolerance; Rousseau: Social Contract, General Will	15 Hours

	Chapter -2 Bentham: Theory of Utilitarianism Chapter -3 J.S. Mill: Views on Liberty	
Unit- III	Chapter -1 A. Hegel - Dialectical Materialism B. Karl Marx - Classless and stateless society Chapter -2 Jurgen Habermas- Communicative action, Public Sphere, Theory of truth and knowledge Chapter -3 Hannah Arendt- Theory of Action, Modernity, Conception of Citizenship.	15 Hours

Exercise:

- [Compare Greek State with the Roman state and make points
- [Imagine the present situation with that of Contractualist's Social Contract Theory and write the summary
- [Can we have a classless society in the modern world? Comment

Suggested Readings:

1. A. Hacker, Political Theory: Philosophy, Ideology, Science New York, Macmillan, 1961.
2. G.H. Sabine. A History of Political Theory. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH, 1937.
3. C.L. Wayper. Political Thought. Bombay: B.I. Publications, 1977.
4. Ernest Barker, Greek Political Theory: Plato and his Predecessors. London: Methuen & Co., 1970.
5. M. Butterfield, The State Craft of Machiavelli, New York: The Macmillan Company, 1956.
6. O.P. Bakshi; Politics and Prejudice: Notes on Aristotle's Political Theory. Delhi: The Delhi University Press, 1975.
7. M.A. Shepard, "Sovereignty at the Crossroads: A Study of Bodin", Political Science Quarterly XLV, pp.580-603.
8. L. Colleti. From Rousseau to Lenin. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1969.
9. G.H. Sabine. A History of Political Theory. New Delhi: J.L. Thorson, Oxford and IBH, 1937.
10. C.E. Vaghan. The Political Writings of Jean Jacques Rousseau, 2 Vols. New York, John Wiley, 1962.

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11. C.L. Wayper, Political Thought. Bombay: B.I. Publication, 1977.
12. H. Warrender. The Political Philosophy of Hobbes: His Theory of Obligation, Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1957.
13. A. Hacker, Political Theory: Philosophy, Ideology Science. New York: Macmillan, 1961.
14. D. Boucher and P. Kelly, (eds) 'Political Thinkers: From Socrates to the Present', Oxford, Oxford University Press. 2009
15. J. Coleman, 'A History of Political Thought: From Ancient Greece to Early Christianity, Oxford, Blackwell Publishers, 2000.
16. Mukherjee, Subrato and Susheela Ramaswamy, 'History of political Thought: Plato to Marx', PHI Publishers, New Delhi, 2011.
17. A. Skoble and T. Machan, 'Political Philosophy: Essential Selections', New Delhi, Pearson Education, 2007.

Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Date: 28.09.2021

Chairperson

INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT AND CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

POLDSCo4

Course Title: INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT AND CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	

Course Objective:

- To familiarize the students with the ideas of Nationalism and contemplate on how colonial rule was overthrown by the Indian Nationalists.
- To acquaint the students with the problems of Independent India.
- To enable the students to understand the role of India in World affairs and the contributions of great men towards freedom.

Learning Outcome:

At the end of the course the students shall -

- Understand how the colonial rule was overthrown by the Indian nationalists.
- Appreciate the ideals and values of Gandhi that resulted in freedom.
- Examine the problem of Independent India and the role played by great leaders in solving them.

Unit	Contents of Course-4	45 Hours
Unit-I	Chapter-1 Indian National Movement: Features, The Liberal, The Extremist and Revolutionary Phase Chapter-2 The Gandhian Phase: Non-Cooperation movement Chapter-3 Civil Disobedience Movement and the Quit India	15 Hours

	movement.	
Unit-II	<p>Chapter-4 Morley-Minto Reform Act of 1909, Montague Chelmsford Act of 1919: main provisions and Dyarchy, The Nehru Report and Jinnah's 14-point Formula</p> <p>Chapter-5 Government of India Act of 1935: main provisions: Round Table, provincial Autonomy and federal system</p> <p>Chapter-6 Indian Independence Act of 1947: main provisions, Simon Commission and Cabinet Mission Plan</p>	15 Hours
Unit- III	<p>Constituent Assembly Debates on</p> <p>Chapter-7 Citizenship State Structure</p> <p>Chapter-8 Minority Rights, UCC (Uniform Civil Code)</p> <p>Chapter-9 Language and Union of States</p> <p>(The above three should be discussed in the context of Constituent Assembly Debates)</p>	15 Hours

Exercise:

- Think over a situation in India and identify at least two political and socio-economic conditions that are present and two that are not present in Indian democracy
- List out in a table giving some democratic roles of a citizen, explore yourself how democratic you are.
- Write some good qualities required in a citizen

Suggested Readings

1. Bandopadhyay, S. From Plassey to Partition: A History of Modern India. New Delhi: Orient Longman, 2004.
2. Thapar, R. 'Interpretations of Colonial History: Colonial, Nationalist, Post-colonial', in DeSouza, P.R. (ed.) Contemporary India: Transitions. New Delhi: Sage Publications, 2000.
3. Sarkar, S. Modern India (1885-1847). New Delhi: Macmillan, 1983.
4. Jalal, A. and Bose, S. Modern South Asia: History, Culture, and Political Economy. New

Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1997.

5. Smith, A.D. Nationalism. Cambridge: Polity Press, 2001.
6. Islam, S. 'The Origins of Indian Nationalism', in Religious Dimensions of Indian Nationalism. New Delhi: Media House, 2004.
7. Chatterjee, P. 'A Brief History of Subaltern Studies', in Chatterjee, Partha Empire & Nation: Essential Writings (1985-2005). New Delhi: Permanent Black, 2010.
8. Mani, B.R. Debrahmanising History, Dominance and Resistance in Indian Society. New Delhi: Manohar Publishers, 2005.

Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Date: 28.09.2021

Chairperson

INDIAN POLITY: ISSUES AND CONCERNS**Open Elective POLOEC02**

Course Title: INDIAN POLITY AND CONCERNS	
Total Contact Hours: 45	Course Credits: 3
No. of Teaching Hours/Week: 3	

Course Objective: To make the students aware on different issues that exists in Indian polity. Through this paper students need to understand the emerging issues and their causes to the Indian Democracy.

Learning Outcome:

At the end of the course the students shall -

- l Understand the reasons behind the causes of these issues and also the constitutional provisions that existed.
- l Familiarize with the debates that emerged.
- l Be able to suggest the measures to control such issues.

Unit	Contents of Course-OE-2	45 Hours
Unit-I	<p>Chapter-1 National Integration and Social Harmony - Meaning and Need of National Integration and Suggestions for securing National Integration</p> <p>Chapter-2 Society and Politics in India: Caste and Its Impact, on Indian Society and Polity</p> <p>Chapter-3 Language- Role and Constitutional Provisions, Issues</p>	15 Hours

Unit-II	Chapter-4 Religion and Local Traditions - Role and Constitutional Provisions Chapter-5 Development and Inclusiveness: Issues and Concerns (Marginalised sections / women) Chapter-6 Regionalism – Reasons for the Growth, Forms and Measures	15 Hours
Unit- III	Chapter-7 Corruptions- Causes and Measures Chapter-8 Terrorism- Types, Causes and Measures Chapter-9 Celebrating Diversity – Consensus and Challenges	15 Hours

Exercise:

- [Classify the major factors which are an impediment to National Integration and give your suggestions
- [Identify the terrorist's group in the world
- [Make a point on 2011 Anti- Corruption movement in India

Suggested Readings:

1. M. Galanter, 'The Long Half-Life of Reservations', in Z. Hasan, E. Sridharan and R. Sudarshan (eds.) India's Living Constitution: Ideas, Practices, Controversies, New Delhi: Permanent Black, 2002.
2. C. Jaffrelot, 'The Politics of the OBCs', in Seminar, Issue, 2005.
3. Singh, M.P. & Saxena, R. Indian Politics: Contemporary Issues and Concerns. New Delhi: PHI Learning, 2008.
4. Vanaik, A. & Bhargava, R. (eds.) Understanding Contemporary India: Critical Perspectives. New Delhi: Orient Blackswan, 2010.
5. Dunkin Jalaki "Bharatadalli Jativyavste ideye?", Malladahalli Publication, Malladahalli.

Pedagogy:

The course shall be taught through the Bridge Courses, Lecture, Tutorial, Interactive Sessions, Self-guided Learning Materials, Open Educational Recourses (OER) as reference materials, Practical Exercises, Assignments, Seminars, Group Discussions and Week-end Counseling Classes.

Chairperson

Date: 28.09.2021

Members: